

# Screencast: OpenFabrics Concepts

Jeff Squyres May 2008



## "Verbs" API (VAPI)

- IB/iWARP actions known as "verbs"
  - Send verb, receive verb, etc.
- First IB VAPI was Mellanox VAPI (mVAPI)
  - Now deprecated
- OpenFabrics has different VAPI
  - Similar concepts, but different API

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#### No Unexpected Receives

- All messages must be "expected"
- Receiver must pre-allocate resources
  - Pool of buffers to receive messages
  - Pool of buffers as target for RDMA
- Unexpected message triggers an error

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#### Virtual Lanes / Service Levels

- OpenFabrics traffic divided into virtual "lanes"
  - Virtual separation of traffic
  - Analogous to MPI communicators (!)
  - Can be assigned QoS-like attributes
  - Weighting, etc.
- Service levels maps to lanes

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#### Some OpenFabrics Queues

- Queue Pair (QP)
  - Unit of connection in OpenFabrics
  - Think of as "sockets" for OpenFabrics
  - Send queue + receive queue
- Completion queue
  - Most OF verbs are non-blocking
  - OF driver puts events on this queue to signal when a verb has completed

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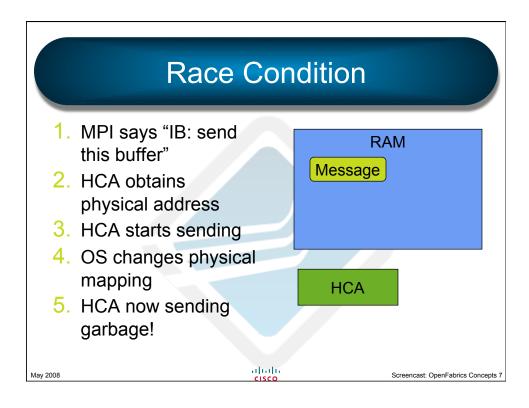
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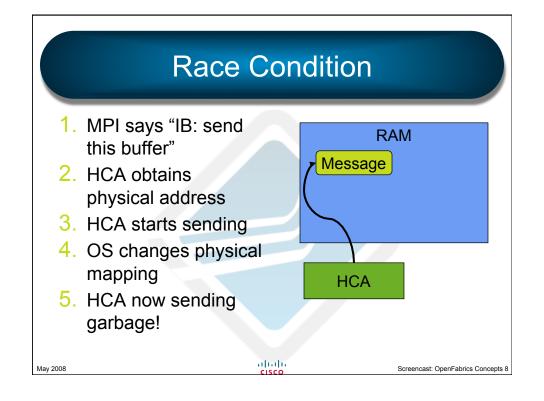
## **Registered Memory**

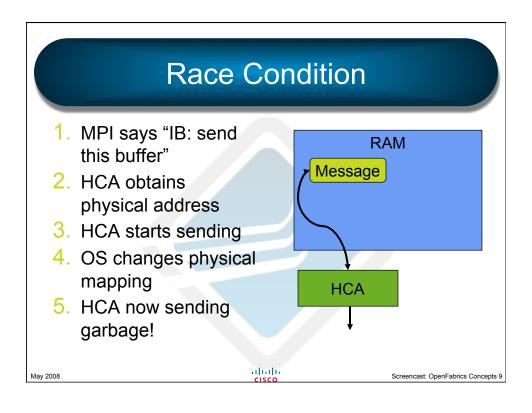
- InfiniBand/iWARP are RDMA-based networks
  - Directly sends / receives from RAM
  - Without involvement from main CPU
- But…
  - Operating system can change virtual physical RAM mapping at any time

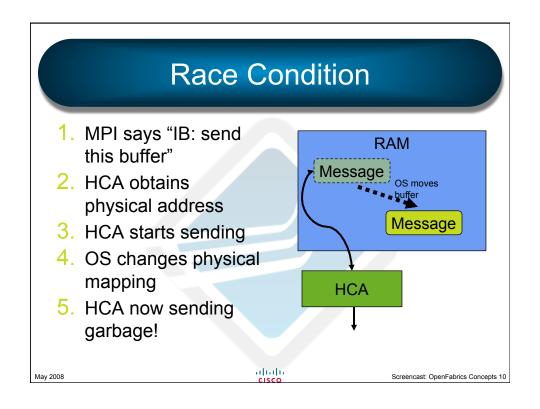
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#### "Registering" Memory

- Solution: tell OS not to change mapping
  - "Pinning" ("locking") memory
  - Guarantees that the message will stay in the same physical location until HCA is done
- "Registering" memory does two things:
  - 1. Pinning virtual ↔ physical mapping
  - 2. Notifying HCA of the mapping

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## Registered Memory Problems

- Registering and unregistering is slow
- OS can only support so much registered memory at a time
  - Pinned pages are unswappable
- Must be careful to set ulimits properly (OFED)

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## **Registered Memory Footprint**

- How much registered memory does Open MPI use?
  - A complicated answer
  - Requires some background information first...
- For reference:
  - Complete answer (for v1.2 and beyond):

http://www.open-mpi.org/faq/?category=openfabrics#limiting-registered-memory-usage

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#### Common MPI Trick

- MPI SEND (buffer, ...)
  - Register the buffer
  - Do the send
  - Return (leaving the buffer registered)
- Rationale: next time you send from that buffer, do not pay registration cost again
  - Great for benchmarks!
  - Usually not great for real applications
- OMPI does not do this (...by default)

## Problems of User Registration

- Can run out of registered memory
  - MPI must implement eviction policies
- Application can free buffer
  - MPI must intercept free() or sbrk() to unregister memory before given back to OS
  - Extremely problematic
- So just say "No!"
  - ...except for benchmarks ⊗

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#### **More Information**

- Open MPI FAQ
  - General tuning

http://www.open-mpi.org/faq/?category=tuning

InfiniBand / OpenFabrics tuning

http://www.open-mpi.org/faq/?category=openfabrics

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